

**MISSISSIPPI COMMISSION ON WILDLIFE, FISHERIES, AND PARKS
MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE, FISHERIES, AND PARKS**

Title 40: Wildlife, Fisheries, and Parks

Part 3. Fisheries

Part 3, Chapter 3: Regulations regarding commercial fishing.

Rule 3.1 REGULATIONS REGARDING COMMERCIAL FISHING.

A. The following rules, regulations and required licenses relative to freshwater commercial fishing, commercial fishing equipment tags, seines, nets and traps and wholesale minnow dealers are hereby adopted for all residents and non-residents for public waters identified in MISS. CODE ANN. §51-3-1. Nonresidents shall comply with all subsections of MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1, except for the subsection which specifies the fee for a resident commercial fishing license.

B. Non-game gross fish, nonnative fish, minnows, non-game fish, crawfish, and freshwater shrimp may be taken and sold from freshwaters of Mississippi, except in those waters specifically in section H which are closed to freshwater commercial fishing equipment and slat baskets as stated herein.

C. LICENSES

1. All persons (no age or disability license exemption) who engage in the following activities must have a freshwater commercial fishing license to do the following:

a. Fish freshwater commercial fishing equipment (hoop or barrel nets, gill or trammel nets, slat baskets or trotlines with more than 100 hooks in aggregate) as defined in MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1.

b. Harvest, sell, resell, or purchase for re-sale non-game gross fish, or non-native fish.

c. Sell minnows at wholesale (with the exception of those MS residents growing minnows on their own property, MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-29) or sell minnows or nongame fish captured from the wild. Minnows are defined as golden shiners, fathead minnows, goldfish, emerald shiner, and mosquitofish.

d. Selling, reselling or exporting for sale across state lines crawfish or freshwater shrimp taken from the public waters of the state.

2. Any person using a slat basket in Mississippi waters must have a valid Slat Basket License in addition to having a valid Freshwater Commercial Fishing License.

3. LICENSE COSTS: The following licenses are available at the listed price.

Commercial Fishing License Types	Cost
Resident Freshwater Commercial Fishing License	\$30
Nonresident Freshwater Commercial Fishing License	\$200
Slat Basket License (for each basket and in addition to freshwater commercial license and slat basket tags)	\$30

(Prices listed do not include processing fees or agent fees.)

5. A person holding a Freshwater Commercial Fishing License can be assisted by a helper who has any valid license issued by the Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries, and Parks. Anyone in the boat with a licensed commercial fisherman is considered a helper and therefore must have valid license issued by the Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries, and Parks. There are no license exemptions for helpers. Helpers who do not have a commercial fishing license cannot sell, resell or ship for sale nongame gross fish or nonnative fish.

6. Persons who have a freshwater commercial fishing license are allowed to fish crawfish traps and freshwater shrimp traps as described herein.

D. FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT

1. TROTLINES:

- a. Trotlines must have hooks at least 24 inches apart and tied so they cannot slip together.
- b. No trotlines or throw lines shall exceed 1,000 feet.

2. SNAG LINES: There is no open season on the use of Snag lines.

3. HOOP NETS and BARREL NET:

- a. Hoop or barrel nets shall be made of number 15 or bigger twine or cord and treated; the minimum mesh size shall be three (3) inch square measure.
- b. Lead requirements: maximum of seven per license holder, up to 35 yards in length, three (3) inch square measure, number 15 twine or bigger and treated.
- c. Hearts may be used only in the Mississippi River where it is a common boundary between Mississippi and another state (oxbow lakes included).
- d. Hoop nets or barrel nets must be set at least 100 yards apart EXCEPT nets may be fished on each end of a lead, as such, this constitutes one set and each set must be 100 yards apart.

e. Persons with Mississippi resident commercial fishing licenses or pertinent license of border state fishing barrel nets and/or hoop nets in Mississippi waters, which are common boundaries between Mississippi and another state (oxbow lakes included), may use the same mesh size allowed in the other state; EXCEPT, leads, hearts and wings are prohibited in Mississippi waters when attached to barrel or hoop nets with minimum mesh of less than three (3) inches square measure.

4. SEINES: The use of seines is prohibited statewide, except for minnow seines as described elsewhere in this rule.

5. MINNOW SEINES AND MINNOW TRAPS:

a. This equipment, as described below, can be used to harvest minnows as defined in MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-29, non-game fish, and non-game gross fish as defined in MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-1. Note: that a commercial fishing license is not required to fish these types of gear, but sale of fish authorized to be harvested by means of this equipment does require a commercial fishing license.

b. Minnow Seines: These seines must be no more than 25 feet in length and four (4) feet in depth.

c. Minnow Traps: Minnow traps or jars constructed of glass, plastic, nonmetallic or wire mesh not more than 32 inches in length and 12 inches in diameter having no wings or leads and having an entrance no larger than one inch in diameter may be used.

d. No minnows or non-game fish harvested from public waters may be taken outside the state for sale.

6. CRAWFISH TRAPS AND FRESHWATER SHRIMP TRAPS:

a. Crawfish Traps: any device constructed of coated wire or plastic mesh with openings of the throats or flutes not exceeding 2 inches in diameter and which is used for the sole purpose of taking crawfish. Any commercially available crawfish trap with openings of throats or flutes not exceeding 2 inches in diameter may be used.

b. Crawfish traps are typically of the pillow or pyramid style or lift nets.

c. Freshwater shrimp traps: traps must be no larger than 36 inches long from the rear of the heart to the leading edge of the trap, and no larger than 24 inches wide between the leading edges of the trap or heart opening and no larger than 12 inches high and be without an external or unattached wings, weirs or other guiding devices intended to funnel shrimp to the trap heart.

7. TRAMMEL NETS and GILL NETS:

a. Gill nets and trammel nets of any material other than mono or multi filament twine are unlawful.

b. Nets must be set at least 100 yards apart and no nearer than 20 yards to piers. Maximum length shall be 3,000 feet.

c. Nets must have a minimum mesh of three and one half (3.5) inches square measure.

d. Exception in Specified Border Line Waters:

A minimum of three (3) inch square mesh measure gill and trammel nets may be used in Pickwick Lake, the main channels of the Mississippi and Pearl Rivers along the MS/LA border, and in any streams, lakes, and portion of lakes, where the Mississippi/Louisiana state line occurs as depicted on the U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey quadrangle maps.

8. SLAT BASKETS are defined as commercial fishing devices used solely for the capture of catfish.

a. Pursuant to MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1 and 49-7-12, ANY PERSON using a slat basket in Mississippi waters must have a valid slat basket license for each slat basket

b. Slat baskets fished in Mississippi waters shall:

i. Be made entirely of wood and/or plastic slats in a boxlike or cylindrical shape, not to exceed six (6) feet in length or fifteen (15) inches in width and height or diameter;

ii. Have no more than two (2) throats, have at least four (4) slot openings of a minimum one and one quarter (1¼) inches by twenty-four (24) inches evenly spaced around the sides of the catch area on cylindrical shaped baskets and one such opening per on each side of square shaped baskets. These openings must begin at the rear (or closed end) of the basket and run twenty-four (24) inches toward the throat end (or mouth or open end) of the basket.

d. Slat baskets shall be placed at least one hundred (100) yards apart and may not be used with any form of leads, netting or guiding devices (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1).

e. Slat Baskets must display the license holders' MDWFP Number on a waterproof tag provided by the licensed fishermen.

f. Any violation of this subsection, is a violation of MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1 (6) and shall be a Class 1 violation, punishable as provided in MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-141.

E. TAGGING REQUIREMENTS:

1. After June 30, 2013, Commercial Fishing Equipment, and all Slat Baskets must display the license holders' MDWFP Number on a waterproof tag provided by the licensed fishermen. No other number will be needed.

2. Each Freshwater Commercial license holder is responsible for writing with waterproof marking or engraving their MDWFP Number on a waterproof Commercial Fishing Equipment Tag in legible numbers at least ¼" in height.

3. Commercial Fishing Equipment Tags do not expire and may be used as long as the MDWFP Number on them is legible.

4. A Commercial Fishing Equipment Tag shall be attached to one end of the float line of gill or trammel nets; or on the front hoop of any hoop, barrel net; or within five (5) feet of one end of the main line of each trotline, or attached to the front end of a slat basket, except on border waters as defined below.

5. All commercial fishing equipment and slat baskets must be tagged on those border lakes and waters that are part of the reciprocal resident license agreements between Mississippi/Louisiana 40 Mississippi Admin. Code Part 4 Rule 3.3, and between Mississippi/Arkansas 40 Mississippi Admin Code Part 4 Rule 3.2. The reciprocal agreements DO NOT give non-resident license holders authority to fish in border waters of a state of which they do not possess a license.

6. Gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets, and trotlines fished by RESIDENTS of Louisiana and Arkansas in Mississippi waters specified in those reciprocal agreements must tag their commercial fishing equipment with the type of tag specified in the state where they are licensed. Persons with a Louisiana resident sportfishing or a basic fishing license using "recreational hoopnets" or any other commercial fishing equipment must either purchase a Louisiana commercial fishing license or a nonresident Mississippi commercial fishing license to fish commercial fishing equipment in Mississippi waters. Louisiana residents must tag their equipment using the same criteria as Mississippi residents, EXCEPT their Louisiana license number must be on their freshwater commercial fishing equipment tag while fishing their gear in Mississippi waters.

7. Crawfish traps and freshwater shrimp traps fished in public water shall be marked with a waterproof tag provided by the fishermen, with their MDWFP Number legibly printed on the tag using the same criteria as other commercial equipment.

F. FISHING RESTRICTIONS

1. No person shall possess both sport and commercial gear when engaged in fishing or out on a water body.

2. It is unlawful to set any freshwater commercial fishing equipment within 100 yards of another piece of commercial fishing equipment (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). Exception:

- a. Hoop nets connected by a lead as defined in D.3.d.; and
- b. Minnow traps, minnow seines, crawfish traps, and shrimp traps.

3. It is unlawful to set any freshwater commercial fishing equipment so that it extends more than half way across any stream, channel, drain or other body of water (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). A guideline that does not impede navigation may be set.

4. Driving or attempting to drive fish (also known as whooping, whipping or striking) into any freshwater commercial fishing gear is permitted; however, it shall be unlawful to alter or destroy any natural or man-made structure in the process of fishing for non-game gross fish or non-native fish.

5. It shall be unlawful to raise or run, or tamper with, or take fish from any legal freshwater commercial fishing equipment, crawfish traps, shrimp traps, and/or slat baskets which are not licensed and tagged in your name without written permission of the owner of the commercial fishing equipment.

6. It is unlawful for any person to fish any equipment in the waters of the state of any size or type that is not allowed by the MDWFP (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). Illegal gear, untagged gear and/or improperly tagged gear may be seized by conservation officers upon discovery.

G. HARVEST SIZE AND POSSESSION RESTRICTIONS

1. All game fish (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-1) caught in freshwater commercial fishing equipment shall be returned to the water immediately (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-83).

2. Persons with commercial fishing licenses can use bream/sunfish for bait on trotlines, as long as:

- a. these fish were legally taken; and
- b. the daily creel limit for these species (100 fish total) is not exceeded.

3. No other species of game fish can be used by commercial fisherman as bait on trotlines.

4. It is unlawful to commercially take, to offer for sale, or to possess non-game gross fish below the following total lengths and creel limits:

Species	Total Length	Dressed Length	Creel Limit
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Buffalo	16 inches	12 inches	None
Flathead Catfish	16 inches	12 inches	None
Other Catfish	12 inches	9 inches	None
Alligator Gar			Quota see 5.5
Sturgeon			0
Paddlefish			Special regulations

5. All Buffalo, Flathead Catfish, Channel Catfish, and Blue Catfish must remain intact (with head, tail, skin and scales) while fishing any waters open to commercial fishing.

6. On border waters with Tennessee and Alabama persons with commercial fishing licenses shall possess no more than one catfish (blue, channel, flathead) over 34 inches in length.

7. Total length is measured with a flatboard with the mouth of the fish closed and tail squeezed to give the maximum overall length.

8. The minimum length on dressed length shall not apply to fish processed at a facility (retail stores and supermarkets) that complies with Federal and State Health regulations. All fish sold on a rural or urban route or on display at a Commercially licensed fish market shall meet total or dressed length requirements as established except that Buffalo ribs may be removed from the body side and be displayed and sold by commercial fisherman and commercially licensed fish markets.

9. PADDLEFISH: Regulations for the commercial harvest of paddlefish are set forth elsewhere in this chapter. Paddlefish (live or dead) caught in commercial fishing equipment must be released immediately unless permitted for take as per the current version of the rules dealing with commercial harvest of paddlefish.

10. ALL MISSISSIPPI WATERS ARE CLOSED TO THE COMMERCIAL HARVEST OF ALL STURGEON SPECIES (Alabama shovelnose sturgeon, Gulf sturgeon, Pallid sturgeon and Shovelnose sturgeon).

11. An annual quota of 200 conservation size (CS) alligator gar is established for commercial harvest for any calendar year.

a. A conservation size alligator gar is defined as an alligator gar 16 inches or longer in length that has a short broad snout where the distance from the tip of the snout to the corner of the mouth is less than the distance from the corner of the mouth to the posterior end of the operculum (or gill cover).

b. To possess a CS alligator gar caught in commercial fishing gear, or to sell a CS alligator gar, the CS alligator gar has to be tagged. Tags will be issued from the MDWFP headquarters in Jackson.

c. CS alligator gar tags will be issued at a rate of 5 per applicant per month until enough tags are issued to meet the quota. Any one applicant can only be issued 5 tags per month. Requests by an applicant for additional tags require CS alligator gar harvest data to first be submitted to MDWFP.

d. The harvest of CS alligator gar shall be recorded on forms supplied by MDWFP. These forms are to be submitted to MDWFP no later than January 15 of the following calendar year.

e. Failure to report CS alligator gar harvest data will result in denial of requests for more Alligator Gar tags till harvest data is provided to the MDWFP.

e. There shall be no quota on harvest of alligator gar less than 16 inches in length.

f. In addition there shall be no harvest of alligator gar of any size from the following waters:

i. Bee Lake in Holmes County; and

ii. St. Catherine Creek watershed in Adams County.

12. Per 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5 Rule 2.4 persons cannot take, possess, transport, export, process or sell any species on the Official State list of Endangered Species.

13. Per 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5, Rule 2.3, Non-game wildlife or their parts taken from wild Mississippi populations may not be bought sold, offered for sale or exported for sale. Any resident who takes or possesses non-game wildlife, turtles, frogs and snakes must comply with licensing, permitting, harvest restrictions, and reporting requirements as established in current version of 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5 Rule 2.3.

H. AREAS CLOSED TO COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT

1. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO ALL TYPES OF COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT, SLAT BASKETS, SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS, AND COMMERCIAL FISHING unless authorized by a separate rule on commercial fishing for paddlefish:

a. From the outlet works in the Coldwater River of Arkabutla Dam downstream to the Corps of Engineers cable crossing, a distance of approximately one-fourth mile.

b. In the Tallahatchie River and Barrow Lake below Sardis Dam from the outlet works downstream to U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing of said river.

c. In the Yocona River from the outlet works of Enid Dam downstream to the U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing of said river.

d. In the Yalobusha River from the outlet works of Grenada Dam downstream to south bound lane of the I-55 bridge crossing of said river.

e. In the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway (TTW) south from Hwy. 25 (Scrugg's Bridge) over the Yellow Creek embayment of Pickwick Lake in Tishomingo County to Bay Springs Lake at the Jamie Whitten Lock & Dam.

f. Columbus Lake, in Monroe County from the Aberdeen Lock and Dam downstream to Hwy 45 overpass, locally known as "Morgan's Landing Boat Ramp", including the river channel bendways.

g. Aliceville Lake, in Lowndes County from Columbus Lock & Dam downstream to Hwy 82 overpass at the junction of the navigation channel and the mouth of Luxapalila Creek, including the river channel bendways.

h. Ross Barnett Reservoir from the Main Dam upstream to Lowhead Dam near Ludlow, Mississippi.

i. Pearl River upstream from State Highway 15.

j. Pearl River below Ross Barnett Reservoir from the Spillway outlet to the City of Jackson's Water Works Lowhead Dam.

k. All waters of Okatibbee Reservoir.

l. Muddy Bayou in Warren County from its mouth at Eagle Lake to the Muddy Bayou structure at Steele Bayou.

m. Moon Lake in Coahoma County including Phillip Bayou and Yazoo Pass in Coahoma County, except as specified in Section I (Special Permit).

n. All State Fishing Lakes and State Park Lakes owned or leased by the Department.

o. The Yockanookany River System between Hwy. 35 and Hwy. 429.

p. All waters of Back Bay Biloxi north and west of a line extending across Back Bay Biloxi beginning at the Highway 90 bridge and all rivers, bayous, bays, streams, lakes, inlets, and other waters whatsoever connecting to said designated part of Back Bay Biloxi.

q. Red and Black Creeks and tributaries and water area beginning at the mouth of Dead Lake in Jackson County upstream to the origin of said creeks.

r. Any connected or non-connected oxbow lake or tributary stream of the Pascagoula River where the main channel of the Pascagoula River is bordered by the Upper

Pascagoula River Wildlife Management Area (WMA), the Lower Pascagoula River WMA or the Ward Bayou WMA.

s. All waters of Bay St. Louis which are north of the Highway 90 bridge and all rivers, bayous, bays, streams, lakes, inlets, and other waters whatsoever connected to said designated part of Bay St. Louis.

t. Bouie River and all associated oxbow lakes, tributaries and water areas upstream from its confluence with the Leaf River.

u. Lake Susie, an oxbow lake of the old Tallahatchie River in Panola County west of Batesville.

v. All waters of the Yazoo National Wildlife Refuge.

2. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO ALL TYPES OF FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT, SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS BUT SHALL BE OPEN TO SLATBASKETS.

In the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway (TTW):

a. The G. V. Sonny Montgomery Lock & Dam (Lock E) north to the Mississippi Hwy 4 overpass.

b. John Rankin Lock & Dam (Lock D) north to mile marker 406.

c. Fulton Lock & Dam (Lock C) north to mile marker 398.

d. Glover Wilkins Lock & Dam (Lock B) north to the Hwy 78 overpass.

e. Amory Lock & Dam (Lock A) north to the Hwy 6 overpass.

f. Aberdeen Lock and Dam north to where the old Tombigbee River enters the TTW navigation channel at mile marker 366.3.

3. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO THE USE OF HOOP NETS, BARREL NETS, GILL NETS, OR TRAMMEL NETS BUT SHALL BE OPEN TO SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS, TROT LINES, AND SLAT BASKETS.

a. Yocona River from the U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing downstream to the Pope-Crowder Road Bridge.

b. Yalobusha River from south bound Interstate 55 bridge below Grenada Dam downstream to State Highway 8 and 35 bridge crossing.

c. Bull Mountain Creek from the confluence with the Tombigbee River to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.

d. Luxapalila Creek from the confluence with the Tombigbee River to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.

e. Buttahatchie River from the confluence with the Tenn-Tom Waterway navigational channel to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.

4. Slat baskets are prohibited in the Old River Wildlife Management Area.

5. Commercial fishing with hoop or barrel nets shall be closed in the following rivers:

a. Pascagoula River from the Wade-Vancleave Bridge downstream to the Hwy 90 Bridge including Little River and the East and West Pascagoula Rivers and all water areas in between the East and West Pascagoula Rivers.

b. Escatawpa River south of Interstate 10.

6. From April 1 to Oct. 31, commercial fishing with gill or trammel nets shall be closed in the following rivers:

a. Bogue Chitto River from the confluence of the East and West Bogue Chitto Creeks west of Hartman, MS downstream to the Mississippi/LA state line.

b. Chickasawhay River from Hwy 11 bridge north of Enterprise, MS downstream to its confluence with the Pascagoula River.

c. Leaf River from I-59 bridge, west of Moselle, MS downstream to its confluence with the Pascagoula River.

d. Pascagoula River from its origin at the confluence of the Leaf and Chickasawhay Rivers north of Merrill, MS downstream to the Hwy 90 bridge. This includes the East and West Pascagoula Rivers and all water areas in between the two said rivers.

I. SPECIAL PERMIT

1. A special permit issued through the MDWFP Fisheries Bureau Director shall allow a person with a commercial fishing license to fish nets in specific waters identified in the permit.

2. The special permits shall only be issued for waters identified by the MDWFP Fisheries Bureau where control of aquatic nuisance species or rough fish removal is needed.

3. Those persons issued the special permits shall report their harvest from the nets to MDWFP on forms supplied by MDWFP. Reports on the special permits shall be received by deadline set by MDWFP.

4. The following areas shall be open to commercial fishing with gill, trammel, and hoop nets by issuance of a special permit:

a. From October 1 to February 28, Moon Lake in Coahoma County including Phillip Bayou and Yazoo Pass in Coahoma County.

i. All Paddlefish (live or dead) and all species of Sturgeon (live or dead) caught in commercial fishing equipment shall be released immediately.

ii. All access for persons fishing commercial fishing equipment shall take place at Moon Lake Landing (on the Yazoo Pass) public boat ramp.

iii. Commercial fishing equipment shall not be run, checked, nor shall fish be removed from gear from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise. However, commercial fishing equipment may be left out overnight.

J. REPORTING FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING HARVEST

1. Any person required to purchase a commercial fishing license must report their catch and other activities on forms provided by MDWFP.

2. Failure to submit reports or submitting reports with intentional false information is cause for a person to be denied the privilege to purchase a Commercial Fishing License until such reports are submitted.

HISTORY: Revised August 2017.

Source: MISS. CODE ANN. §§49-7-1, 49-1-29, 49-4-4, 49-7-3; 49-7-9.1; 49-7-12; 49-7-12.1; 49-7-29; 49-7-69; 49-7-81; 49-7-83; 49-7-87; 49-7-89; 49-7-90, 49-7-91, 49-15-77, and 51-3-1.

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b. Harvest, sell, resell, or purchase for re-sale non-game gross fish, or non-native fish.

c. Sell minnows at wholesale (with the exception of those MS residents growing minnows on their own property, MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-29) or sell minnows or nongame fish captured from the wild. Minnows are defined as golden shiners, fathead minnows, goldfish, emerald shiner, and mosquitofish.

d. Selling, reselling or exporting for sale across state lines crawfish or freshwater shrimp taken from the public waters of the state.

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3. LICENSE COSTS: The following licenses are available at the listed price.

Commercial Fishing License Types	Cost
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Nonresident Freshwater Commercial Fishing License	\$200
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5. A person holding a Freshwater Commercial Fishing License can be assisted by a helper who has any valid license issued by the Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries, and Parks. Anyone in the boat with a licensed commercial fisherman is considered a helper and therefore must have valid license issued by the Mississippi Department of Wildlife, Fisheries, and Parks. There are no license exemptions for helpers. Helpers who do not have a commercial fishing license cannot sell, resell or ship for sale nongame gross fish or nonnative fish.

6. Persons who have a freshwater commercial fishing license are allowed to fish crawfish traps and freshwater shrimp traps as described herein.

D. FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT

1. TROT LINES:

a. Trotlines must have hooks at least 24 inches apart and tied so they cannot slip together.

b. No trotlines or throw lines shall exceed 1,000 feet.

2. SNAG LINES: There is no open season on the use of Snag lines.

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a. Hoop or barrel nets shall be made of number 15 or bigger twine or cord and treated; the minimum mesh size shall be three (3) inch square measure.

b. Lead requirements: maximum of seven per license holder, up to 35 yards in length, three (3) inch square measure, number 15 twine or bigger and treated.

c. Hearts may be used only in the Mississippi River where it is a common boundary between Mississippi and another state (oxbow lakes included).

d. Hoop nets or barrel nets must be set at least 100 yards apart EXCEPT nets may be fished on each end of a lead, as such, this constitutes one set and each set must be 100 yards apart.

e. Persons with Mississippi resident commercial fishing licenses or pertinent license of border state fishing barrel nets and/or hoop nets in Mississippi waters, which are common boundaries between Mississippi and another state (oxbow lakes included), may use the same mesh size allowed in the other state; EXCEPT, leads, hearts and wings are prohibited in Mississippi waters when attached to barrel or hoop nets with minimum mesh of less than three (3) inches square measure.

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b. Minnow Seines: These seines must be no more than 25 feet in length and four (4) feet in depth.

c. Minnow Traps: Minnow traps or jars constructed of glass, plastic, nonmetallic or wire mesh not more than 32 inches in length and 12 inches in diameter having no wings or leads and having an entrance no larger than one inch in diameter may be used.

d. No minnows or non-game fish harvested from public waters may be taken outside the state for sale.

6. CRAWFISH TRAPS AND FRESHWATER SHRIMP TRAPS:

a. Crawfish Traps: any device constructed of coated wire or plastic mesh with openings of the throats or flutes not exceeding 2 inches in diameter and which is used for the sole purpose of taking crawfish. Any commercially available crawfish trap with openings of throats or flutes not exceeding 2 inches in diameter may be used.

b. Crawfish traps are typically of the pillow or pyramid style or lift nets.

c. Freshwater shrimp traps: traps must be no larger than 36 inches long from the rear of the heart to the leading edge of the trap, and no larger than 24 inches wide between the leading edges of the trap or heart opening and no larger than 12 inches high and be without an external or unattached wings, weirs or other guiding devices intended to funnel shrimp to the trap heart.

7. TRAMMEL NETS and GILL NETS:

a. Gill nets and trammel nets of any material other than mono or multi filament twine are unlawful.

b. Nets must be set at least 100 yards apart and no nearer than 20 yards to piers. Maximum length shall be 3,000 feet.

c. Nets must have a minimum mesh of three and one half (3.5) inches square measure.

d. Exception in Specified Border Line Waters:

A minimum of three (3) inch square mesh measure gill and trammel nets may be used in Pickwick Lake, the main channels of the Mississippi and Pearl Rivers along the MS/LA border, and in any streams, lakes, and portion of lakes, where the Mississippi/Louisiana state line occurs as depicted on the U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey quadrangle maps.

8. SLAT BASKETS are defined as commercial fishing devices used solely for the capture of catfish.

a. Pursuant to MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1 and 49-7-12, ANY PERSON using a slat basket in Mississippi waters must have a valid slat basket license for each slat basket

b. Slat baskets fished in Mississippi waters shall:

i. Be made entirely of wood and/or plastic slats in a boxlike or cylindrical shape, not to exceed six (6) feet in length or fifteen (15) inches in width and height or diameter;

ii. Have no more than two (2) throats, have at least four (4) slot openings of a minimum one and one quarter (1¼) inches by twenty-four (24) inches evenly spaced around the sides of the catch area on cylindrical shaped baskets and one such opening per on each side of square shaped baskets. These openings must begin at the rear (or closed end) of the basket and run twenty-four (24) inches toward the throat end (or mouth or open end) of the basket.

d. Slat baskets shall be placed at least one hundred (100) yards apart and may not be used with any form of leads, netting or guiding devices (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1).

e. Slat Baskets must display the license holders' MDWFP Number on a waterproof tag provided by the licensed fishermen.

f. Any violation of this subsection, is a violation of MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-9.1 (6) and shall be a Class 1 violation, punishable as provided in MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-141.

E. TAGGING REQUIREMENTS:

1. After June 30, 2013, Commercial Fishing Equipment, and all Slat Baskets must display the license holders' MDWFP Number on a waterproof tag provided by the licensed fishermen. No other number will be needed.

2. Each Freshwater Commercial license holder is responsible for writing with waterproof marking or engraving their MDWFP Number on a waterproof Commercial Fishing Equipment Tag in legible numbers at least ¼" in height.

3. Commercial Fishing Equipment Tags do not expire and may be used as long as the MDWFP Number on them is legible.

4. A Commercial Fishing Equipment Tag shall be attached to one end of the float line of gill or trammel nets; or on the front hoop of any hoop, barrel net; or within five (5) feet of one end of the main line of each trotline, or attached to the front end of a slat basket, except on border waters as defined below.

5. All commercial fishing equipment and slat baskets must be tagged on those border lakes and waters that are part of the reciprocal resident license agreements between

Mississippi/Louisiana 40 Mississippi Admin. Code Part 4 Rule 3.3, and between Mississippi/Arkansas 40 Mississippi Admin Code Part 4 Rule 3.2. The reciprocal agreements DO NOT give non-resident license holders authority to fish in border waters of a state of which they do not possess a license.

6. Gill nets, trammel nets, hoop nets, and trotlines fished by RESIDENTS of Louisiana and Arkansas in Mississippi waters specified in those reciprocal agreements must tag their commercial fishing equipment with the type of tag specified in the state where they are licensed. Persons with a Louisiana resident sportfishing or a basic fishing license using “recreational hoopnets” or any other commercial fishing equipment must either purchase a Louisiana commercial fishing license or a nonresident Mississippi commercial fishing license to fish commercial fishing equipment in Mississippi waters. Louisiana residents must tag their equipment using the same criteria as Mississippi residents, EXCEPT their Louisiana license number must be on their freshwater commercial fishing equipment tag while fishing their gear in Mississippi waters.

7. Crawfish traps and freshwater shrimp traps fished in public water shall be marked with a waterproof tag provided by the fishermen, with their MDWFP Number legibly printed on the tag using the same criteria as other commercial equipment.

F. FISHING RESTRICTIONS

1. No person shall possess both sport and commercial gear when engaged in fishing or out on a water body.

2. It is unlawful to set any freshwater commercial fishing equipment within 100 yards of another piece of commercial fishing equipment (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). Exception:

a. Hoop nets connected by a lead as defined in D.3.d.; and

b. Minnow traps, minnow seines, crawfish traps, and shrimp traps.

3. It is unlawful to set any freshwater commercial fishing equipment so that it extends more than half way across any stream, channel, drain or other body of water (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). A guideline that does not impede navigation may be set.

4. Driving or attempting to drive fish (also known as whooping, whipping or striking) into any freshwater commercial fishing gear is permitted; however, it shall be unlawful to alter or destroy any natural or man-made structure in the process of fishing for non-game gross fish or non-native fish.

5. It shall be unlawful to raise or run, or tamper with, or take fish from any legal freshwater commercial fishing equipment, crawfish traps, shrimp traps, and/or slat baskets which are not licensed and tagged in your name without written permission of the owner of the commercial fishing equipment.

6. It is unlawful for any person to fish any equipment in the waters of the state of any size or type that is not allowed by the MDWFP (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-81). Illegal gear, untagged gear and/or improperly tagged gear may be seized by conservation officers upon discovery.

G. HARVEST SIZE AND POSSESSION RESTRICTIONS

1. All game fish (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-1) caught in freshwater commercial fishing equipment shall be returned to the water immediately (MISS. CODE ANN. §49-7-83).

2. Persons with commercial fishing licenses can use bream/sunfish for bait on trotlines, as long as:

- a. these fish were legally taken; and
- b. the daily creel limit for these species (100 fish total) is not exceeded.

3. No other species of game fish can be used by commercial fisherman as bait on trotlines.

4. It is unlawful to commercially take, to offer for sale, or to possess non-game gross fish below the following total lengths and creel limits:

Species	Total Length	Dressed Length	Creel Limit
Buffalo	16 inches	12 inches	None
Flathead Catfish	16 inches	12 inches	None
Other Catfish	12 inches	9 inches	None
Alligator Gar			Quota see 5.5
Sturgeon			0
Paddlefish			Special regulations

5. All Buffalo, Flathead Catfish, Channel Catfish, and Blue Catfish must remain intact (with head, tail, skin and scales) while fishing any waters open to commercial fishing.

6. On border waters with Tennessee and Alabama persons with commercial fishing licenses shall possess no more than one catfish (blue, channel, flathead) over 34 inches in length.

7. Total length is measured with a flatboard with the mouth of the fish closed and tail squeezed to give the maximum overall length.

8. The minimum length on dressed length shall not apply to fish processed at a facility (retail stores and supermarkets) that complies with Federal and State Health regulations. All fish sold on a rural or urban route or on display at a Commercially licensed fish market shall meet total or dressed length requirements as established except that Buffalo ribs may be removed

from the body side and be displayed and sold by commercial fisherman and commercially licensed fish markets.

9. PADDLEFISH: Regulations for the commercial harvest of paddlefish are set forth elsewhere in this chapter. Paddlefish (live or dead) caught in commercial fishing equipment must be released immediately unless permitted for take as per the current version of the rules dealing with commercial harvest of paddlefish.

10. ALL MISSISSIPPI WATERS ARE CLOSED TO THE COMMERCIAL HARVEST OF ALL STURGEON SPECIES (Alabama shovelnose sturgeon, Gulf sturgeon, Pallid sturgeon and Shovelnose sturgeon).

11. An annual quota of 200 conservation size (CS) alligator gar is established for commercial harvest for any calendar year.

a. A conservation size alligator gar is defined as an alligator gar 16 inches or longer in length that has a short broad snout where the distance from the tip of the snout to the corner of the mouth is less than the distance from the corner of the mouth to the posterior end of the operculum (or gill cover).

b. To possess a CS alligator gar caught in commercial fishing gear, or to sell a CS alligator gar, the CS alligator gar has to be tagged. Tags will be issued from the MDWFP headquarters in Jackson.

c. CS alligator gar tags will be issued at a rate of 5 per applicant per month until enough tags are issued to meet the quota. Any one applicant can only be issued 5 tags per month. Requests by an applicant for additional tags require CS alligator gar harvest data to first be submitted to MDWFP.

d. The harvest of CS alligator gar shall be recorded on forms supplied by MDWFP. These forms are to be submitted to MDWFP no later than January 15 of the following calendar year.

e. Failure to report CS alligator gar harvest data will result in denial of requests for more Alligator Gar tags till harvest data is provided to the MDWFP.

e. There shall be no quota on harvest of alligator gar less than 16 inches in length.

f. In addition there shall be no harvest of alligator gar of any size from the following waters:

i. Bee Lake in Holmes County; and

ii. St. Catherine Creek watershed in Adams County.

12. Per 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5 Rule 2.4 persons cannot take, possess, transport, export, process or sell any species on the Official State list of Endangered Species.

13. Per 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5, Rule 2.3, Non-game wildlife or their parts taken from wild Mississippi populations may not be bought sold, offered for sale or exported for sale. Any resident who takes or possesses non-game wildlife, turtles, frogs and snakes must comply with licensing, permitting, harvest restrictions, and reporting requirements as established in current version of 40 Mississippi Administrative Code Part 5 Rule 2.3.

H. AREAS CLOSED TO COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT

1. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO ALL TYPES OF COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT, SLAT BASKETS, SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS, AND COMMERCIAL FISHING unless authorized by a separate rule on commercial fishing for paddlefish:

a. From the outlet works in the Coldwater River of Arkabutla Dam downstream to the Corps of Engineers cable crossing, a distance of approximately one-fourth mile.

b. In the Tallahatchie River and Barrow Lake below Sardis Dam from the outlet works downstream to U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing of said river.

c. In the Yocona River from the outlet works of Enid Dam downstream to the U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing of said river.

d. In the Yalobusha River from the outlet works of Grenada Dam downstream to south bound lane of the I-55 bridge crossing of said river.

e. In the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway (TTW) south from Hwy. 25 (Scrugg's Bridge) over the Yellow Creek embayment of Pickwick Lake in Tishomingo County to Bay Springs Lake at the Jamie Whitten Lock & Dam.

f. Columbus Lake, in Monroe County from the Aberdeen Lock and Dam downstream to Hwy 45 overpass, locally known as "Morgan's Landing Boat Ramp", including the river channel bendways.

g. Aliceville Lake, in Lowndes County from Columbus Lock & Dam downstream to Hwy 82 overpass at the junction of the navigation channel and the mouth of Luxapalila Creek, including the river channel bendways.

h. Ross Barnett Reservoir from the Main Dam upstream to Lowhead Dam near Ludlow, Mississippi.

i. Pearl River upstream from State Highway 15.

j. Pearl River below Ross Barnett Reservoir from the Spillway outlet to the City of Jackson's Water Works Lowhead Dam.

k. All waters of Okatibbee Reservoir.

l. Muddy Bayou in Warren County from its mouth at Eagle Lake to the Muddy Bayou structure at Steele Bayou.

m. Moon Lake in Coahoma County including Phillip Bayou and Yazoo Pass in Coahoma County, except as specified in Section I (Special Permit).

n. All State Fishing Lakes and State Park Lakes owned or leased by the Department.

o. The Yockanookany River System between Hwy. 35 and Hwy. 429.

p. All waters of Back Bay Biloxi north and west of a line extending across Back Bay Biloxi beginning at the Highway 90 bridge and all rivers, bayous, bays, streams, lakes, inlets, and other waters whatsoever connecting to said designated part of Back Bay Biloxi.

q. Red and Black Creeks and tributaries and water area beginning at the mouth of Dead Lake in Jackson County upstream to the origin of said creeks.

r. Any connected or non-connected oxbow lake or tributary stream of the Pascagoula River where the main channel of the Pascagoula River is bordered by the Upper Pascagoula River Wildlife Management Area (WMA), the Lower Pascagoula River WMA or the Ward Bayou WMA.

s. All waters of Bay St. Louis which are north of the Highway 90 bridge and all rivers, bayous, bays, streams, lakes, inlets, and other waters whatsoever connected to said designated part of Bay St. Louis.

t. Bouie River and all associated oxbow lakes, tributaries and water areas upstream from its confluence with the Leaf River.

u. Lake Susie, an oxbow lake of the old Tallahatchie River in Panola County west of Batesville.

v. All waters of the Yazoo National Wildlife Refuge.

2. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO ALL TYPES OF FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING EQUIPMENT, SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS BUT SHALL BE OPEN TO SLATBASKETS.

In the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway (TTW):

- a. The G. V. Sonny Montgomery Lock & Dam (Lock E) north to the Mississippi Hwy 4 overpass.
- b. John Rankin Lock & Dam (Lock D) north to mile marker 406.
- c. Fulton Lock & Dam (Lock C) north to mile marker 398.
- d. Glover Wilkins Lock & Dam (Lock B) north to the Hwy 78 overpass.
- e. Amory Lock & Dam (Lock A) north to the Hwy 6 overpass.
- f. Aberdeen Lock and Dam north to where the old Tombigbee River enters the TTW navigation channel at mile marker 366.3.

3. THE FOLLOWING AREAS SHALL BE CLOSED TO THE USE OF HOOP NETS, BARREL NETS, GILL NETS, OR TRAMMEL NETS BUT SHALL BE OPEN TO SHRIMP TRAPS, CRAWFISH TRAPS, TROT LINES, AND SLAT BASKETS.

- a. Yocona River from the U.S. Highway 51 bridge crossing downstream to the Pope-Crowder Road Bridge.
- b. Yalobusha River from south bound Interstate 55 bridge below Grenada Dam downstream to State Highway 8 and 35 bridge crossing.
- c. Bull Mountain Creek from the confluence with the Tombigbee River to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.
- d. Luxapalila Creek from the confluence with the Tombigbee River to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.
- e. Buttahatchie River from the confluence with the Tenn-Tom Waterway navigational channel to the Mississippi-Alabama state line.

4. Slat baskets are prohibited in the Old River Wildlife Management Area.

5. Commercial fishing with hoop or barrel nets shall be closed in the following rivers:

- a. Pascagoula River from the Wade-Vancleave Bridge downstream to the Hwy 90 Bridge including Little River and the East and West Pascagoula Rivers and all water areas in between the East and West Pascagoula Rivers.
- b. Escatawpa River south of Interstate 10.

6. From April 1 to Oct. 31, commercial fishing with gill or trammel nets shall be closed in the following rivers:

a. Bogue Chitto River from the confluence of the East and West Bogue Chitto Creeks west of Hartman, MS downstream to the Mississippi/LA state line.

b. Chickasawhay River from Hwy 11 bridge north of Enterprise, MS downstream to its confluence with the Pascagoula River.

c. Leaf River from I-59 bridge, west of Moselle, MS downstream to its confluence with the Pascagoula River.

d. Pascagoula River from its origin at the confluence of the Leaf and Chickasawhay Rivers north of Merrill, MS downstream to the Hwy 90 bridge. This includes the East and West Pascagoula Rivers and all water areas in between the two said rivers.

I. SPECIAL PERMIT

1. A special permit issued through the MDWFP Fisheries Bureau Director shall allow a person with a commercial fishing license to fish nets in specific waters identified in the permit.

2. The special permits shall only be issued for waters identified by the MDWFP Fisheries Bureau where control of aquatic nuisance species or rough fish removal is needed.

3. Those persons issued the special permits shall report their harvest from the nets to MDWFP on forms supplied by MDWFP. Reports on the special permits shall be received by deadline set by MDWFP.

4. The following areas shall be open to commercial fishing with gill, trammel, and hoop nets by issuance of a special permit:

a. From October 1 to February 28, Moon Lake in Coahoma County including Phillip Bayou and Yazoo Pass in Coahoma County.

i. All Paddlefish (live or dead) and all species of Sturgeon (live or dead) caught in commercial fishing equipment shall be released immediately.

ii. All access for persons fishing commercial fishing equipment shall take place at Moon Lake Landing (on the Yazoo Pass) public boat ramp.

iii. Commercial fishing equipment shall not be run, checked, nor shall fish be removed from gear from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise. However, commercial fishing equipment may be left out overnight.

J. REPORTING FRESHWATER COMMERCIAL FISHING HARVEST

1. Any person required to purchase a commercial fishing license must report their catch and other activities on forms provided by MDWFP.

2. Failure to submit reports or submitting reports with intentional false information is cause for a person to be denied the privilege to purchase a Commercial Fishing License until such reports are submitted.

HISTORY: Revised August 2017.

Source: MISS. CODE ANN. §§49-7-1, 49-1-29, 49-4-4, 49-7-3; 49-7-9.1; 49-7-12; 49-7-12.1; 49-7-29; 49-7-69; 49-7-81; 49-7-83; 49-7-87; 49-7-89; 49-7-90, 49-7-91, 49-15-77, and 51-3-1.